

# Tuesday of the Ninth Week in Ordinary Time

**Gospel text (Mk 12:13-17):** Some Pharisees and Herodians

were sent to Jesus... They came and said to him, "Teacher...

Is it lawful to pay the census tax to Caesar or not? Should

we pay or should we not pay?"... He said to them, "... Bring

me a denarius to look at." They brought one to him and he

said to them, "Whose image and inscription is this?" They

replied to him, "Caesar's." So Jesus said to them, "Repay to

Caesar what belongs to Caesar and to God what belongs to

God."...

## *The political State: legitimacy and limits*

EDITORIAL TEAM evangeli.net (based on texts by Benedict XVI)  
(Città del Vaticano, Vatican)

Today, Jesus responds to the Pharisees that, if the roman emperor is guarantor of Law, he may then demand obedience. However, this extent of obedience is, at the same time, reduced: there is what belongs to "Caesar" and there is what belongs to God. When the "Caesar" upsurges as God, he has surpassed his limits, and to obey him would be to deny God.

If we consider these correlations, we discover a very sober conception of the State: to the extent which it guarantees peace and Law, these correlations correspond to a divine provision (a sort of creaturely sorting). You have to respect the State precisely in its profane character; this need arises from the essence of the man as "animal sociale et politicum". At the same time there is a delimitation of the State: it has its own scope, which it may not exceed; because it must comply with the highest "Right of

God".

—"You shall worship the Lord, your God, only". The refusal to worship the Emperor and, in general, the refusal to worship the State, is nothing else but the refusal to totalitarian States.